

Grounding & Lightning Protection for Wireless Networks

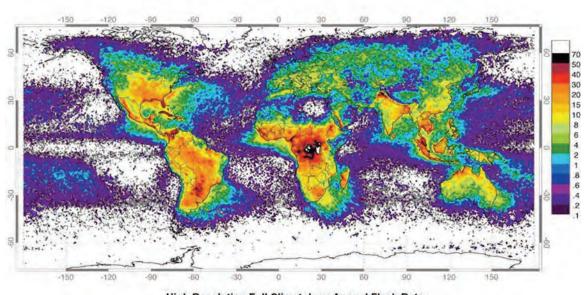
- Overview of the Lightning Event
- Protection Techniques for Radio Equipment
- Why are Coaxial Cable Lightning Protectors Required
- Site Grounding Principles

TIMES MICROWAVE SYSTEMS An Amphenol Company



Overview of Lightning Event

This paper will examine the characteristics of a cloud to earth strike, and the resulting probability of damage to existing wireless infrastructure. Most wireless networks rely on tall communication towers causing a statistically high lightning exposure probability. Typically, more than 2,000 thunderstorms are active throughout the world at any given moment producing on the order of 100 flashes per second. As our society becomes more dependent upon computers and communications networks, protection from system disruptions becomes essential.



High Resolution Full Climatology Annual Flash Rate

Global distribution of lightning April 1995-February 2003 from the combined observations of the NASA OTD (4/95-3/00) and LIS (1/98-2/03) instruments

The conditions necessary for a thunderstorm are warm moist air from ground level to a few thousand feet, cooler air above with little to no wind, and full sun to heat the air mass near the ground. As the heated air near the ground rises to heights where the temperature is below freezing, a thundercloud is formed. Within the thundercloud, constant collisions among ice particles driven by rising and falling air columns causes static charge build up. Eventually the static charge becomes sufficiently large to cause the air to breakdown. An initial small charge called a "step leader" breaks out seeking an ideal cloud to cloud or cloud to earth path. Once this path is found the main series of strokes follow.

Lightning is a natural event with many unknown geographic, climatological, and electrical influences determining strike characteristics. Rf communication engineers, systems suppliers, and users, are accumulating data to understand what site configurations, lightning protectors, and grounding systems might be necessary to bypass sensitive electronics equipment and safely conduct lightning energy to earth. The following information is intended to help implement that goal.

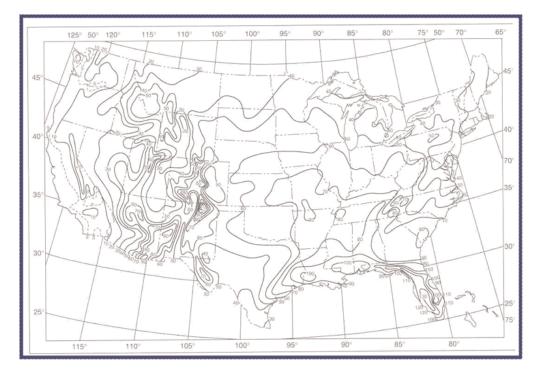




Lightning as a Statistical Event

- Local thunderstorms determine the strike probability for any given tower
- A thunderstorm day is defined as a local calendar day where thunder is heard
- Prediction of a lightning strike to a specific object is not an exact science; however, thunderstorm day data is the only related parameter collected since the early 1900's
- Isokeraunic charts are developed from thunderstorm day statistics

The following information is extracted from recognized government and industrial standards, as indicated with references

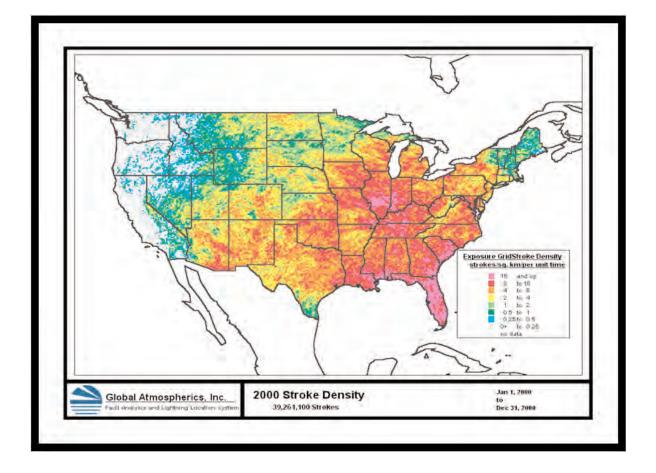


Ref: Mean Annual Number of Days with Thunderstorms (1948-1972), U.S. Department of Commerce, Environmental Science Administration





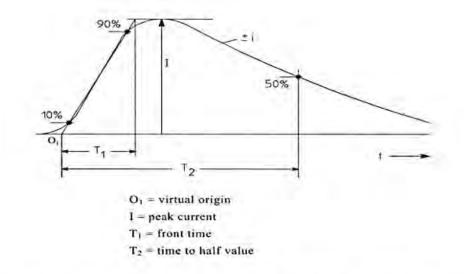
Electrical breakdowns caused by over-voltages due to lightning are responsible for considerable property damage and business interruption. No section of the United States is immune, although in the Pacific Coast area lightning storms are infrequent. The Southeastern and South Central States experience the largest number of lightning storms each year.



The amount of lightning activity in any area can be determined by the Stroke Density, strokes / sq. km/unit time map.







Definitions of Lightning Voltage and Current Parameters

Figure A.1 - Definitions of short stroke parameters (Typically T2 < 2 ms)

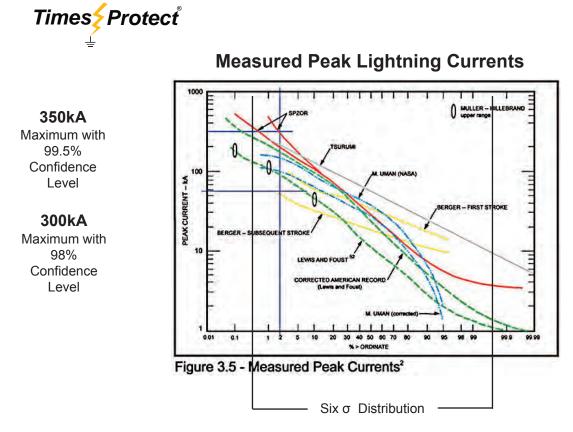
Lightning voltage can only be estimated since the cloud will produce whatever voltage is necessary to breakdown the atmosphere under varying weather and terrain. Peak voltages can be calculated from current flow, but only across the resistance (inductance) of a known conductor in the lightning path.

Since Lightning is a pulse waveform, researchers also measure lightning in terms of rise time to peak stroke current. Some researchers recorded the rise time from zero to peak and others recorded from 10% to 90%. When we analyze the chart, we can determine that the maximum current rise-time is about 10 microseconds and the minimum is 0.7 microseconds.

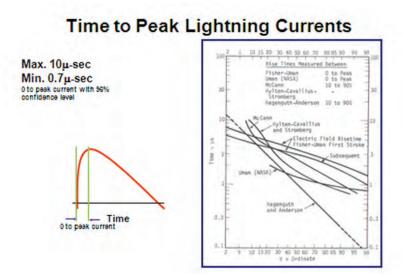
Although lightning is a dc current event, the fast change from no current to peak current will cause an inductive voltage drop across any conductor. Direct and magnetic field coupled damge can be severe. A multiple strike event pumps energy into a ground system that, unless properly designed with a fast transient response, will quickly saturate causing a rapid rise in GPR even though it might measure 5 Ohms with a ground tester.

If we convert from a time domain measurement in μ S (see rise time graphs) to a frequency measurement in Hz, we find considerable energy from 100Hz, peaking at 50-100 kHz and rolling off up to 1mHz caused by the fast rise time dc current pulse. There is still detectable energy up and through the wireless range of frequencies that can damage sensitive receiver rf input circuits.





Ref: W.C. Hart, E.W. Malone, Lightning and Lightning protection, EEEC Press, 1979



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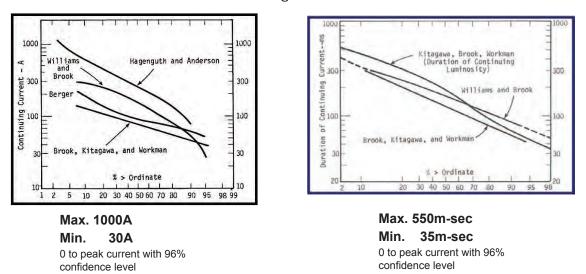
Multiple Return Strokes

A Lightning event can have as many as 30 (very rare) additional lower current return strokes based on the impedance of the conductive channel and the charged cloud's ability to migrate electrons to the discharge area. A typical Lightning event might have 2 or 3 lower energy return strokes. Total energy through the struck object will be elevated to higher levels as the number of return strokes increases.

Continuing Current Strokes

Any one (or more) of multiple return strokes can have the pulse decay extended from 35 to 550 milliseconds. During the extended time line, continuing lightning currents can cause damage to equipment that might have survived the initial series of short duration, high current pulses. The short duration, fast rise time current on the coaxial cables from the tower to entry panel will create a substantial inductive voltage drop that, along with the dc resistance of the cable, will reduce current flow to equipment. But the long duration dc "surge" following a fast rise time event will be reduced only by the dc resistance of the cables. There can be from 30 to 1000 Amps delivered to the coaxial cable entry panel for 35 to 550 Milliseconds. Proper entry panel grounding is essential.

Duration & Amplitude of Continuing Currents



Ref: N. Clanos and E.T. Pierce, "A Ground Lighning Environment for Engineering Usage", Contract L.S.-28170A-3, Stanford Research Institute, CA

Continuing currents could be caused by the discharging of unused previously extended step leaders in to the lightning channel, and the collapse of the channel's surrounding magnetic field once the cloud charge potential cannot overcome the channel's impedance to earth.



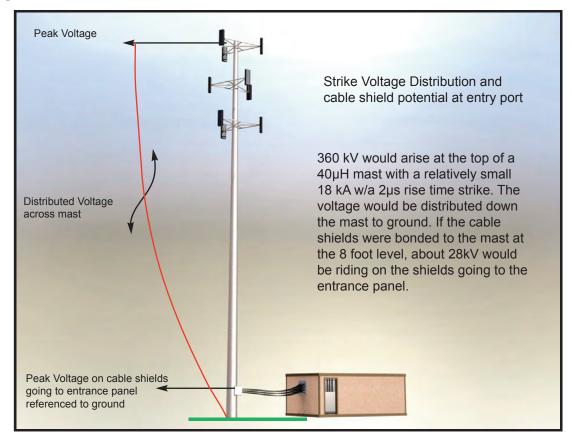


Protection Techniques for Equipment Connected to the Antenna Feeder Cable

The coaxial antenna feeder cable is the primary source of damaging lightning energy to equipment at a communications site. When struck by lightning, the tower acts like a voltage divider. For a few nanoseconds, there will be a high peak voltage at the top referenced to zero voltage at the base. Current will then flow through the tower and all attached conductors. The rise time and amount of current directed toward the equipment will be determined by:

- Strike characteristics
- How high above earth the coaxial cable shields are grounded to the tower before they turn towards the building / cabinet entry.
- The inductance of the tower with coaxial cables, and below without coaxial cables
- The series inductance of the coaxial cables turning to enter the building/cabinet
- The parallel inductance of the building /cabinet entry conductors to ground

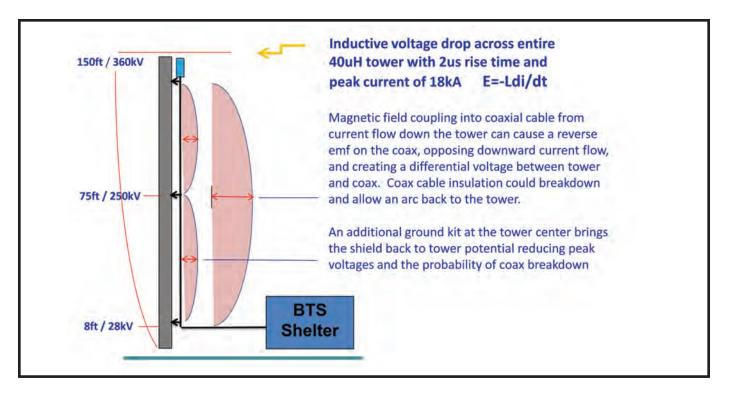
If the bottom coaxial cable ground kit (where the coaxial cable leaves the tower) is at any elevation above the earth, the overall inductance to earth of the tower below the ground kit, the series inductance of coaxial cables to the building, and the paralleled entry panel ground conductors, is sufficient to cause a substantial peak voltage. The resulting voltage on the coax shield will drive current to the equipment where the electrical safety ground provides a path to ground through the equipment chassis.







An Additional Ground Kit Can Reduce Coaxial Cable Damage



Coaxial Cable Ground Kit Placement

The number of ground kits applied varies with tower height and size/number of coax cable runs.

Approximate number of ground kits suggested for each cable run:

- Towers less than 100 feet, one ground kit at top and bottom of coax run
- Towers from 100 200 feet, one ground kit at top, middle, and bottom of coax run
- Towers from 200 feet and up, one ground kit every 75 100 feet of coax run
- A larger tower cross-section reduces the overall series inductance resulting in less voltage drop across the tower, allowing wider ground kit spacing
- Multiple coaxial cable runs would further reduce the overall series inductance

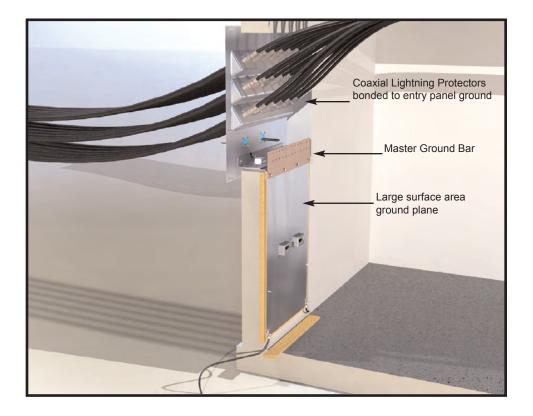




The best way to prevent lightning caused coaxial shield currents from reaching equipment is to minimize the peak voltage at the building entry panel. This may be accomplished by installing, on the inside of the building, a continuous conductive ground plane bonded to the building ground system. The large surface area ground plane is necessary to provide a low inductance path to ground for the entry panel's peak surge current as well as provide for the high frequency component of the strike. Each coaxial line as it enters the building is attached to the panel with a grounded protector/feed through or an additional grounding kit.

A recommended entry system would provide a continuous surface area "single point ground" plane from the coaxial cable entry to the building ground system. A continuous surface area ground plane:

- Keeps inductance low with no mutual coupling (as with parallel ground straps)
- Minimizes inductive voltage drop during lightning event
- Improves MGB (Master Ground Bar) performance
- Provides a low impedance single point ground return path for lightning transients



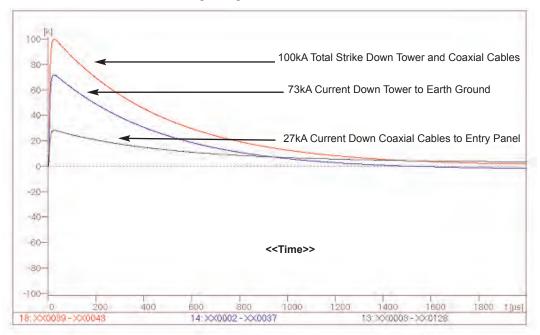




In a 100kA strike computer simulation, the amount of strike current delivered to the entry plate is determined by:

- The tower's inductance to earth below where the coaxial cables are bonded to the tower and turned toward the entry panel,
- The inductance of the paralleled coaxial cables directed to the entry panel
- The inductance / impedance of the entry port / master ground bar to ground at lightning transient frequencies .

The amount of current on each of the (same sized) coaxial cables would be determined by the peak current on all coaxial cables at the elevated coaxial cable shield / tower ground connection, divided by the number of coaxial cables routed to the entry panel.



Lightning Strike Current Division

Most of the lightning energy goes down the tower to earth with current divided between the entry panel ground system and the earth ground connection. If coaxial cables on the tower were turned towards the entry panel at a lower point on the tower and shields were bonded to the tower there, less potential and current flow would be applied to the entry panel and master ground bar. Always direct cables to the entry panel at the lowest practical location on the tower.

The 27kA on the feeder cables divided by the 18 coaxial cables shown in the concept drawing equal 1.5kA per cable. A 7/16 DIN connector body could handle the coaxial cable shield current to ground and eliminate the requirement for shield grounding kits and an outside master ground bar. Isolate the "ice bridge" / cable tray structure from the entry panel. Only coaxial cables, dc power (if required), data cables, and tower light wiring should complete the circuit between the tower and entry panel.

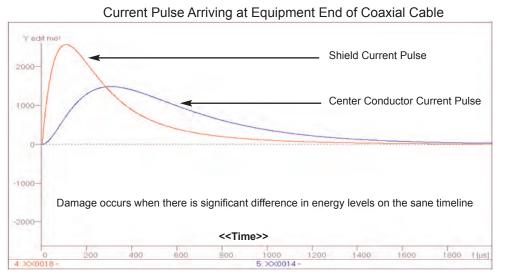




Why Are Coaxial Cable Lightning Protectors Required?

During a strike, a difference in potential arises between the coaxial cable shield and the center conductor at the equipment end of the cable. A coaxial cable will transfer rf energy efficiently from point a to point b with minimum losses at the operating frequency. But as the cable length is extended it attenuates higher frequencies according to the manufacturers specifications per unit length. The cable, in effect, becomes a low pass filter.

There is another factor called "velocity of propagation". This term defines how fast, as a percentage of the speed of light (s.o.l.), an rf signal will propagate through a conductor. Typical specifications might be 98% s.o.l. for the cable shield, and 88% s.o.l. for the center conductor. These percentanges are logically called Velocity factor (V_f). An analysis of all the parameters involved is beyond the scope of this paper, but can be understood with the following graph.



When lightning strikes the tower, the shield and center conductor at the antenna are simultaneously elevated in potential. Since there is more surface area on the shield, the propagation velocity will be faster, and high frequencies will not be as attenuated as on the slower propagating center conductor. This difference in propagation time and high frequency roll off of the fast lightning pulse rise time creates the voltage differential and subsequent damaging current flow through equipment.

A lightning protector does not stop, arrest, or confine lightning energy. A coaxial cable lightning protector equalizes the elevated potential on the shield with the yet to be elevated potential on the center conductor. First, it reduces the potential on the elevated shield (with a proper ground connection) causing reduced current flow through the equipment chassis. Then protector then applies the remaining shield potential to the yet to be elevated coaxial cable center conductor through an appropriate mechanical rf isolation device.

If the shield / chassis and coaxial cable center conductor are immediately brought to the same potential across the equipment's input circuit, there will be little or no current flow through the input due to propogation caused delayed center conductor current. The input circuit will likely survive the strike. A "filter type" protector adds a mechanical dc blocking device ("capacitor") to the center conductor to further reduce energy throughput to the equipment during a strike.





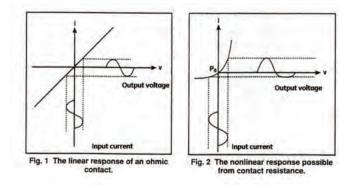
Coaxial Cable Protection When a DC Voltage is Present on the Center Conductor.

When a dc voltage is injected on the coax center conductor, the protector must block low frequency lightning energy in the rf path, decouple the dc from the rf path, protect the dc to a rated value, and re-couple the dc to the center conductor. An ideal protector would be bi-directional. When an rf coax protector designed to pass/protected dc is installed at an active antenna with remote power supply (e.g. a GPS receiver system), a protector at both ends of the coax is recommended (top and bottom). The top equipment protector has inserted a fast rise time equalizing pulse on the center conductor to protect the active antenna at the tower top, but the injected, rolled off and delayed pulse from the tower top protector will arrive at the power supply connector after the shield has been elevated in potential. Another coaxial protector installed close to the power supply will once again provide a lower impedance path for the center conductor pulse to a lower potential ground connection available on a lower floor. Your power supply input is no longer in the path and survives.

RF Lightning Protectors and PIM-What You Need to Know

In today's wireless architecture, another important issue is Passive Intermodulation (PIM). Passive Intermodulation distortion is generated when two or more RF signals pass through a non-linear junction. The below graphs provide visual illustration of this phenomenon.

Fig. 1 below shows the linear response of a proper contact, while Fig. 2 represents the behavior of a non-linear junction in the RF path. (Reprinted with permission From Microwave Journal – May 1995 Issue)



The Primary Causes For PIM Generation Are:

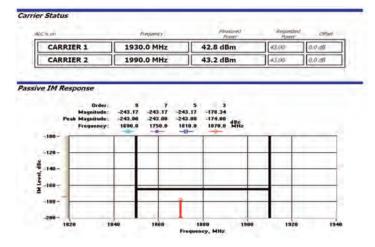
- Dissimilar metals (galvanic action)
- Poor Surface Quality (roughness)
- Low Contact Pressure (improper torque or solder)
- Poor Contact Cleanliness (residual chemical films)
- Use of Magnetic Materials
- Changes in Temperature and current density

In-line RF lightning protection devices can contribute to PIM interference based on one or more of the above issues. For PIM sensitive applications, properly designed and tested lightning protectors should be selected and installed in accordance with required guidelines.





The below measurement is a Times Protect RF Lightning Protector design tested for PIM with two +43dBm (20W) carriers applied to the surge side connector. Sample was taken "off the shelf" to provide an objective evaluation.



Times Microwave Systems - Times Protect low PIM designs.

The Times Microwave Systems low PIM line of Lightning Protectors for PIM sensitive applications is a broadband design with center conductor DC blocking and inductive decoupling of center conductor to shield/ground. Several static and dynamic tests were performed to ensure reliable data capture. The measured PIM value for the LP-STR and LP-STRL series protectors is -174 dBc with a specified minimum value of -160 dBc.

Manufacturers of RF Lightning Protection Devices for PIM sensitive applications should factor the following practices into design, manufacturing process, and final inspection / testing:

- Proper selection of RF protection circuit topology utilizing PIM "friendly" components.
- Materials and plating techniques ensuring minimum dissimilar galvanic junctions.
- Materials utilized in protector design and assembly should be free of any roughness
- Use of materials with Magnetic Properties should be avoided in protector design.
- Plating of internal components for RF protection circuit should be carefully controlled.
- Final inspection and testing must consist of PIM sweeps in both dynamic and rest conditions
- Every RF Lightning Protector for PIM sensitive application should be PIM certified.

In addition to the above recommendations, ensuring "clean" installation of any in-line RF components, including a Lightning Protector, is critical to overall system performance. Proper connector torque, avoidance of dissimilar metals (galvanic junctions) as well as weatherization of components exposed to outside weather will yield stable long term performance for a wireless site. Site maintenance and periodic check of RF system interconnecting cables and connectors is critical to eliminating PIM issues over the long run. At Times Microwave Systems, all the above practices are taken into account while designing and manufacturing products for PIM sensitive applications.





Site Grounding Principles

The Lightning Event has a set of electrical characteristics defined by its electrical current waveshape "reacting" with the series inductance of whatever conductor(s) it traverses. The current rise time to 90% of peak value, when observed in the frequency domain, will produce frequencies in the rf range. When the conductor's inductive and capacitive reactance are considered with the terminating earth ground "resistance", a range of impedance values from the generated rf frequencies are produced. This range of impedance values determines the waveshape and peak current on the grounding conductor.

The peak voltage across the length of the conductor will be maximum at the insertion point (top), diminishing to whatever Ground Potential Rise (GPR) caused by current insertion to the ground system is measured referenced to the outside world. It is the peak voltage, referenced to the outside world, produced from the series impedance of the grounding method that causes damage as peak potential seeks a lower potential through the wireless equipment circuitry.

We have examined lightning characteristics, sources of damaging energy, and how to save equipment from damage using large low inductance conductors draining off strike energy to ground. Coaxial cable center conductor lightning protectors present a lower impedance preferred path to ground for individual circuit protection. In all cases proper grounding and protection techniques offer alternatives to uncontrolled lightning damage. The earth (referenced as "ground"), is the electrical "return" for lightning strike energy. It is nature's balance for a continuing sequence of natural phenomena.

What are the electrical differences between a free standing tower, and a roof top installation (as described in this discussion)?

With a free standing tower, the coax shield is grounded to the tower then "pulled away" towards the shelter. If the coax is "pulled off" above earth ground, the tower becomes a voltage divider during a lightning event. The voltage drop, referenced to local ground potential developed at the coax entry panel to earth, is delivered to the top of the rack unless specific grounding measures are implemented.

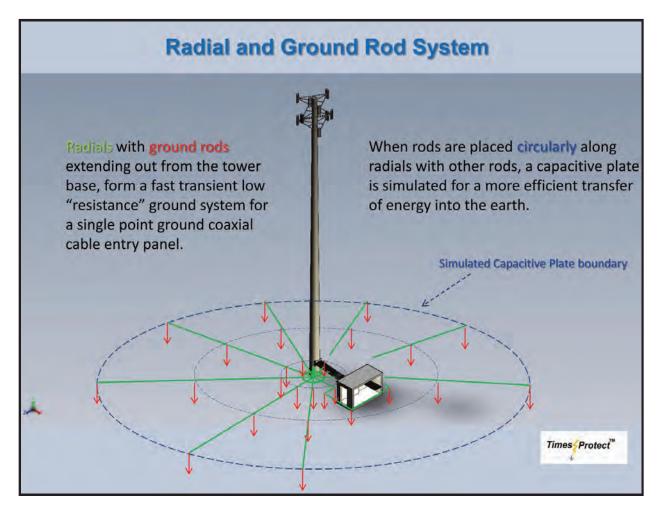
A lightning ground system at a communications site should be capable of dispersing large amounts of electrons from a strike over a wide area with minimum ground potential rise (GPR). GPR can also mean any difference in voltage within the strike's local sphere of influence (step potential). The lightning ground system should be capable of doing this very quickly (fast transient response). By spreading electrons out over a wide area, the step potential for any smaller given area would be reduced. The speed, or transient response of the ground system would be dependent on the geometry and combined inductance of the below grade conductive components, and the resistivity/conductivity of the soil "shunting" those components. The lower the inductance of the system could disperse electrons.

A lightning ground system can be an excellent ac power ground. An electrical code approved ac power ground may not be good lightning ground.





Strike energy to the tower base, and energy through the coaxial cable shields to the entry panel ground can quickly saturate a ground system and elevate potential throughout the site referenced to the "outside" world. Ac power lines, telephone, data, control and alarm lines all represent paths to a lower potential for incoming strike energy from the tower. Unfortunately, valuable equipment might be in between the strike energy and a lower potential.



Consider the lightning grounding system as an rf circuit. Ground rods have a series inductance bridged by earth's resistance. Connecting ground rods along buried conductors (radials) presents a series inductance (bridged by earth resistance) with additional ground rods along the radial's length. The additional ground rods (inductance) can be considered in parallel, all bridged by earth's resistance. Multiple radials with ground rods are all electrically in parallel to further reduce inductance. Multiple buried conductors (radials and rods) with attention to geometery and materials will net a good reading on a ground resistance tester and have an enhanced transient response as well.

One or two ground rods for a residence, a ground loop around a commercial building, or a loop and three ground rods around the base of a communications tower might meet code, but will not disperse the strike energy quickly enough to keep the GPR low. Effort and money spent up front on proper grounding will reduce downtime and equipment damage. If attention is not given to grounding, it's a save now pay (more) later situation.





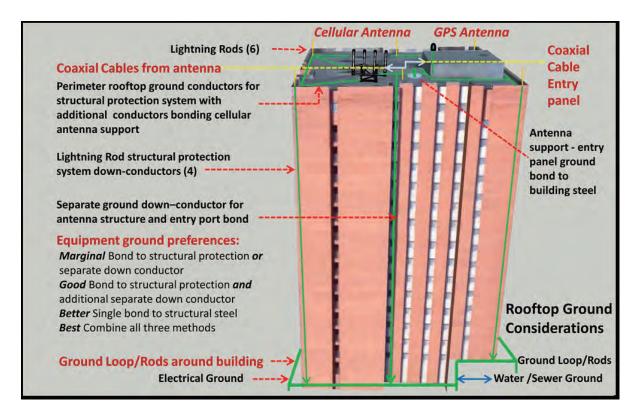
Roof Top Installation

In a rooftop installation, all is at the same high peak potential during a lightning strike. The risk to wireless equipment on the roof increases if it is not connected to a common single point ground. A risk to equipment connected in the basement occurs if the coax cable has not been properly grounded on the roof to equalize the coax shield , with additional grounding kits on the way down and at the bottom, "bleeding off" more current from the coax shield. In both tower and roof top installations coaxial lightning protectors are required.

Electrical equipment "grounding" on a rooftop is a requirement to meet the electrical code. Standards and accepted practices are available to meet the code and are usually followed on a commercial rooftop. Large short conductors bond conductive rooftop structures, and an existing structural lightning protection system (lightning rods) to equalize rooftop potentials during a lightning event.

There is no "ground" on a rooftop during a lightning strike. The peak potential on the roof rises and falls (over time) due to the overall inductance / impedance of all downward conductors in matrix. Equipment is subject to high peak potentials until current flow down the conductors reduces the peak voltage. Lower inductance / impedance ground conductors reduce equipment damage exposure over time.

Local "Ground" is accepted to mean the building foundation Ufer effect, external buried ground loops and structural lightning system ground rods, all interconnected to the electrical ground at the power company main entrance panel. Some ground systems keep the structural lightning protection system ground rods separate from the building ground.







Roof Top Installation (continued)

Various methods can be used to equalize ground potential on a rooftop installation. A building with steel beam construction is by far the best path to equalize earth and rooftop potentials. Other alternatives could be multiple rooftop connections to concrete encased reinforcing bars, large conductive water pipes, or the multiple electrical down-conductors in the structural lightning protection system.

All the above grounding methods can present a very low resistance to ac current flow from a rooftop power fault, or the dc component of a lightning strike to the established earth ground below. The overall Inductance, Capacitance, and Impedance to earth ground of the above methods are of little consequence at dc or 60 Hertz ac power frequencies, but become a significant factor during a light-ning event.

EMT conduit enclosed ground conductors or coaxial cable to antenna is not a good idea. Lightning ground conductors must not be run through EMT conduit. The ground conductor's impedance at lightning's range of transients will be increased if the ground conductor is not bonded to the conduit at both ends.

If current carrying coaxial cable is in a metal conduit, a coaxial cable ground kit must be installed where the coaxial cable goes in and comes out of the conduit. The coaxial cable shield must be bonded to the metallic conduit at entry and exit. If not done this way, the conduit can act as a choke impeding shield current flow. The potential on the coaxial cable shield could arc through the cable insulation to the metallic conduit. If it is non-metallic conduit, there isn't a problem.

Coaxial cable protectors equalize the center conductor potential with the shield potential during a lightning strike by inserting a lower impedance path for peak lightning currents than the protected equipment circuitry. Since the center conductor is brought to peak potential through the protector, the equipment input is not in the path and survives.



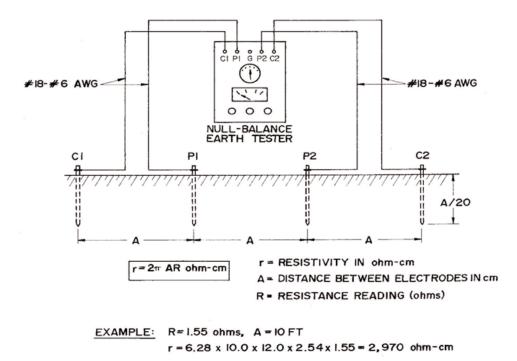


How do I know if I have a "good" lightning ground?

The first thing is to find and inspect it. If it's a minimum installation to meet code, it's probably not good enough. There are ground "resistance" test sets available to give you a measurement value. For example, a residential ground is considered acceptible at 20 Ohms, and 5 Ohms is thought to be an adequate tower ground measurement. Be aware that the method and set-up used to determine a ground system's "Fall of Potential Resistance" (FOP) is open to many variables and interpretations.

Soil composition and moisture can affect a ground system's ability to absorb electrons and varies by terrain and depth. Before a ground system is installed, a series of 4-stake ground resistivity measurements in the proposed area should be taken. This series of measurements would include multiple resistance readings in areas of interest, and data on resistance vs. depth. The returned data is interpolated into value called Ohm–m or Ohm-cm (not Ohms per meter).

There are formula available that use resistivity data to design a ground system to a specified FOP target resistance by utilizing various sized conductors and electrodes. To dig trenches and bury copper without this information could be a waste of time and resources.

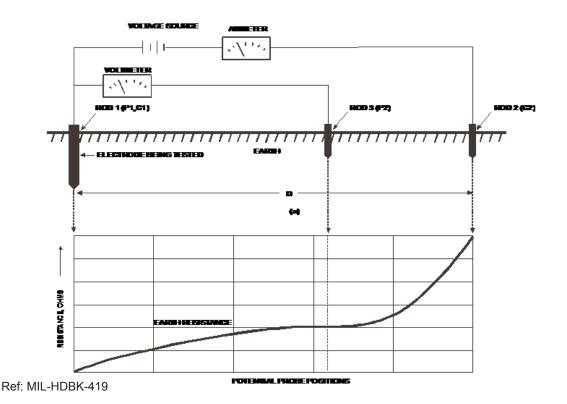


Ref: FM-11-490-9





After the ground system is designed using the 4-stake resistivity measurement results, performance after construction can be verified by using the 3-stake fall of potential measurement (FOP) below. Ground "resistance" is the meter reading when rod 3 is at 0.618 the distance of rod 1 to rod 2 and the graph "flattens" as shown below



There are two types of ground test sets in use today. The first is the traditional FOP test set where three rods are driven into the earth, connected back to the test set, and a calibrated ac current (100-300 Hz) is passed between them in ways to facilitate the kind of measurement required. Then there is the "clamp-on" ground test device that couples ac energy into each ground rod or "network" of rods and radials and calculates a reading directly in Ohms based on the timing and waveshape of the "reflected" energy. Although the FOP measurement with driven rods is considered more accurate, the clamp on device is easier to use and shows results close (opinion) to the FOP tester.

Most measuring devices use an ac source current in the low frequency range to calculate the earth impedance of the grounding component or system. So the returned measurement is really the impedance at specific frequencies between 100-300 Hz. This is a useful measurement for an ac power company or an electrician, but a communications technician at a tower site should regard these measurements with suspicion. He might ask "but what is the impedance at the higher lightning frequencies up to 100 kHz?" This writer knows of no easily field-able test equipment for that range. Proper ground system design is imperative.





How is a lightning ground system evaluated?

There are many marketing driven versions of what will "save" equipment. Some say "buy our product and lightning will not strike your tower", or put our product in the ground and you won't need rods or radials, or yes, our protectors are guaranteed 100% to protect your equipment from lightning damage (what is really guaranteed?).

Summary

A lightning protection "system" for a wireless communications site is a scientifically based, common sense integrated set of:

- Grounding design measurements ... Ground system design based on targeted FOP impedance using soil Ohm-m resistivity measurements, depth / length of radials, and length / diameter of rods and how many of each, all configured to IEEE ground system design parameters. To ensure a fast transient low earth ground, multiple rods and radials should be chosen to reach targeted FOP impedance.
- Tower to entry panel coaxial cable ... Bend away from tower towards equipment at lowest practical height above ground . Do not connect tower cable tray to entry panel. Only active rf, dc, data, and tower lighting should complete the tower to entry panel circuit.
- There is no "ground" on a rooftop during a lightning strike. The peak potential on the roof rises and falls (over time) due to the overall inductance/impedance of all downward conductors in matrix. Equipment is subject to high peak potentials until current flow down the conductors reduces the peak voltage. Lower inductance/impedance ground conductor values reduce equipment damage exposure.
- Entry panel ... provides coaxial cable connector termination, lightning protectors, and a low inductance, large surface area conductor to a "single point ground" connection. The entry panel is your "last chance" to reduce damaging incoming currents from the tower or coaxial cables.
- Install lightning protectors on all circuits subject to damaging currents. All protectors should be bonded to the site "single point ground".

Any shortcut during design and installation of any part of the lightning ground system reduces the level of protection of the whole ("weakest link").



Notes:

About TIMES MICROWAVE SYSTEMS

Times Microwave Systems, was founded in 1948 as the Times Wire and Cable Company. Today, the company specializes in the design and manufacture of high performance flexible, semi-flexible and semi-rigid coaxial cable, connectors and cable assemblies. With over 60 years of leadership in the design, development, and manufacture of coaxial products for defense microwave systems, Times Microwave Systems is the acknowledged leader, offering high tech solutions for today's most demanding applications.

Cable assemblies from Times Microwave Systems are used as interconnects for microwave transmitters, receivers, and antennas on airframes, missiles, ships, satellites, and ground based communications systems, and as leads for test and instrumentation applications.

As a highly specialized and technically focused company, Times Microwave Systems has been able to continually meet the challenges of specialty engineered transmission lines for both the military and commercial applications, drawing upon our:

- Thousands of unique cable and connector designs
- Exceptional RF and microwave design capability
- Precise material and process controls
- Unique in-house testing capabilities including RF shielding/leakage, vibration, moisture/vapor sealing, phase noise and flammability
- Years of MIL-T-81490, MIL-C-87104, and MIL-PRF-39012 experience
- ISO 9001 Certification

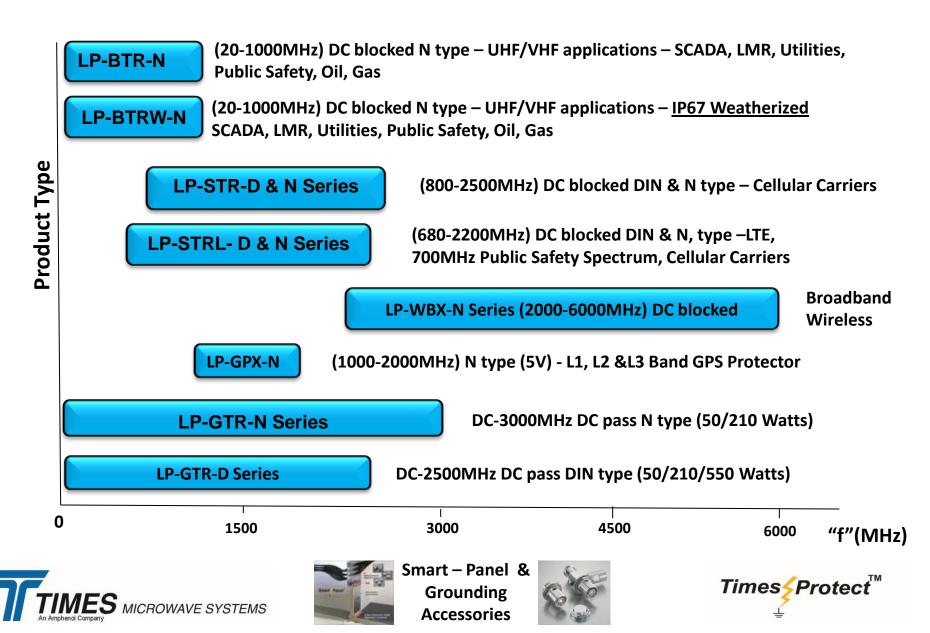
In 2010, Times Microwave Systems introduced its Times-ProtectTM line of lightning and surge protection solutions to address the challenging needs of wireless systems in the 21st century.

With over 60 years of Times Microwave Systems aerospace cable and connector technology experience and unparalleled design expertise, Times Microwave Systems' staff of Field Applications Engineers can help to provide the right solution for your interconnect applications.



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Times-Protect Product Selection Matrix







Superior Surge Protection Performance:

- Bulkhead-Mounted RF Protectors
- True Single Point Ground by Design
- Low Inductance Ground Plate For Control of Ground Potential Rise

Designed for Easy Installation:

- Eliminates External Coaxial Grounding Kits
- Eliminates Internal Lightning Protector Trapeze
- Can Accommodate EWG-Data-DC-Fiber Entry Ports
- Works With 4 8 Inch Wall Thickness
- Most Prep Work Can Be Performed Off Site
- Minimal On-Site Labor Costs

No Outside Exposed Copper - Addresses Theft Issues



Intelligently designed to effectively conduct lightning current to earth ground while balancing the need for security and economy





ISO 9001 Certified



Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st CenturyTM

Times Microwave Systems introduces a revolutionary concept in shelter and base station entrance panels. Designed to eliminate traditional entrance panel shortcomings and improve surge protection of expensive base station equipment, the Times-Protect[™] Smart-Panel[™] offers major advantages compared to traditional installation methods.

The Times-ProtectTM Smart-PanelTM provides for single point grounding and eliminates costly and time consuming cable ground kits. The external copper master ground bar is also eliminated so there are no copper parts to steal outside the shelter. Inside the shelter the installation is simplified and cost reduced by the elimination of the lightning protector trapeze. Bulkhead mounted Lighting Protectors eliminate added trapeze ground lead inductance, creating a perfect return path for surge currents during a Lightning event.

The completely weatherized Times-ProtectTM Smart-PanelTM adjusts to the shelter wall thickness and is supplied with all the necessary installation hardware as well as a heavy duty copper internal master ground bar and a low inductance ground plate.

The Times-ProtectTM Smart-PanelTM is constructed of powder-coated heavy duty aluminum and is available in both 12 and 24 port designs and either type N or 716 DIN bulkhead mount configurations. A copper version is also available. All designs can also accommodate EWG, Cat 5 data, DC or Fiber entry ports.

Times-Protect[™] Smart-Panel[™] Series:

Part Number	Configuration
LP-SP-12N LP-SP-12D	12 port N hole 12 port 716 DIN hole
LP-SP-24N	24 port N hole
LP-SP-24D	24 port 716 DIN hole

Smart-Panel™

Specifications



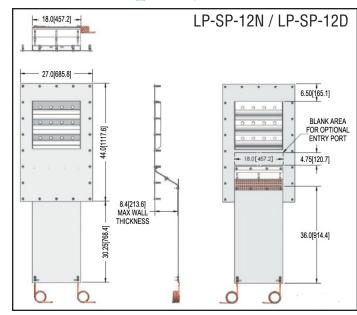
Included Installation Hardware

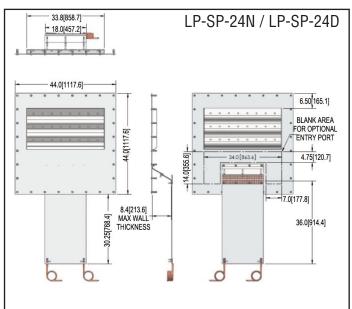
- 3/8" x 2" tamper Resistant Galv Lag Screw
- 3/8" Short Galv Lag Shield
- 3/8" x 1-3/4" Tamper Resistant Bolt
- 3/8" SS Flat Washer
- 3/8" Lock Washer
- 3/8" SS Hex Nut
- Ground Lug 2/0 AWG
- Tamper Resistant Wrench
- Hole Cutout Template



Available Accessories

- Lightning Protectors
 Based on Network Requirements
- Feed Through Connectors: LP-FT-DFDF (DIN Feed-Through) LP-FT-NFNF (N Feed-Through)
- Blank Hole Plugs: LP-DP (DIN Hole Plug) LP-NP (N Hole Plug)





Specifications

Material : Master Ground Bar: Finish: Weight (Ibs): 6061-T6 C110 Copper Powder Coat 50 (12 Port) 58 (24 Port)





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Times Protect[®]

LP-GPX Series L1, L2 & L3 GPS Protector

- Bidirectional Filter Based Design - Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
 - DC Blocked RF path for Superior Performance
- Solid State DC Path Protection Circuit
- Fully Weatherized Housing







Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century™

The LP-GPX-05-N high performance series is an exceptional DC pass design for protection of GPS receivers requiring up to 5Vdc power to be supplied on the center pin.

While the RF path is DC blocked, the biased DC voltage protection circuit uses Solid State protection technology to provide unsurpassed surge performance. The LP-GPX-05-N series offers outstanding Insertion Loss and Return Loss characteristics over the 1000-2000MHz band, making it suitable for protection of commercial and military GPS, as well as other applications in this band.

Unlike competitive protectors, the white bronze plated construction of the LP-GPX-05-N series eliminates potential galvanic corrosion issues and provides long life in hostile environments. The fully weatherized housing is sealed to IP65 allowing for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

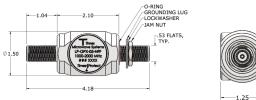
LP-GPX-05-N Series:

• LP-GPX-05-NFF

N Female connectors on surge and protected sides - bidirectional

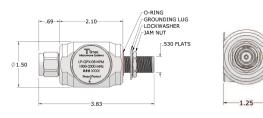
LP-GPX-05-NFM
 N Male connector on one side & N Female connector
 on the other side - bidirectional

Times-Protect[®]





 LP-GPX-05-NFF 1000 - 2000MHz N Type F/F



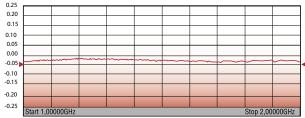
• LP-GPX-05-NFM 1000 - 2000MHz N Type F/M

Electrical Specifications					
Impedance		50 Ω			
Frequency Range			1000 - 2000 MHz		
VSWR/ Return Loss		1.2:1 / <-20dB			
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB			
Average Power		50W			
Maximum Surge Current		10kA multiple (1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)			
Turn on-Voltage		6Vdc			
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 12V (6kV/3kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)			
Energy Throughput		< 110µJ			
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked RF Path/Solid State DC Pass			
Mechanic	al / Enviro	nmental Sp	pecifications		
Temp Range Storage/Operating		-40°C - +85°C			
Weatherization		IEC 60529 IP65			
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B			
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B			
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I			
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Mating Life Cycle		> 500			
Recommended Coupling Nut Torque		7 - 10 in-lb			
Material Specifications					
Component	Ма	terial	Plating		
Body	Aluminum		White Bronze		
Connector Housing	Brass		White Bronze		
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver		
Inner Conductor Female	Phosphor Bronze		Silver		
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze		
Insulator	PTFE				
O-Ring	Silicone Rubber				

*All dimensions shown in inches



S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS





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Times

LP-GPX Series L1, L2 & L3 GPS Protector

- Bidirectional Filter Based Design - Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
 - DC Blocked RF path for Superior Performance
- Solid State DC Path Protection Circuit
- Fully Weatherized Housing







Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century™

The LP-GPX-05-S high performance series is an exceptional DC pass design for protection of GPS receivers requiring up to 5Vdc power to be supplied on the center pin.

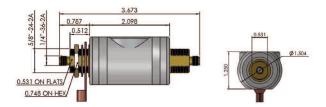
While the RF path is DC blocked, the biased DC voltage protection circuit uses Solid State protection technology to provide unsurpassed surge performance. The LP-GPX-05-S series offers outstanding Insertion Loss and Return Loss characteristics over the 1000-2000MHz band, making it suitable for protection of commercial and military GPS, as well as other applications in this band.

Unlike competitive protectors, the white bronze plated construction of the LP-GPX-05-S series eliminates potential galvanic corrosion issues and provides long life in hostile environments. The fully weatherized housing is sealed to IP65 allowing for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

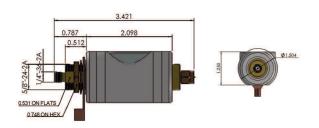
LP-GPX-05-S Series:

- LP-GPX-05-SFF SMA Female connectors on surge and protected sides bidirectional
- LP-GPX-05-SFM SMA Male connector on one side & SMA Female connector on the other side - bidirectional

Times-Protect[®]



• LP-GPX-05-SFF 1000 - 2000MHz SMA Type F/F



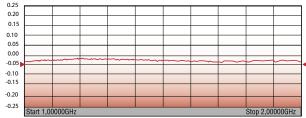
LP-GPX-05-SFM
 1000 - 2000MHz SMA Type F/M

Electrical Specifications					
Impedance		50 Ω			
Frequency Range		1000 - 2000 MHz			
VSWR/ Return Loss		1.2:1 / <-20dB			
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB			
Average Power		50W			
Maximum Surge Current		10kA multiple (1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)			
Turn on-Voltage		6Vdc			
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 12V (6kV/3kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)			
Energy Throughput		< 110µJ			
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked RF Path/Solid State DC Pass			
Mechanic	al / Enviro	nmental Sp	pecifications		
Temp Range Storage/Operating		-40°C - +85°C			
Weatherization		IEC 60529 IP65			
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B			
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B			
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I			
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Mating Life Cycle		> 500			
Recommended Coupling N	ut Torque	3 - 5 in-lb			
Material Specifications					
Component	Ма	terial	Plating		
Body	Aluminum		White Bronze		
Connector Housing	Brass		White Bronze		
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver		
Inner Conductor Female	Phosphor Bronze		Silver		
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze		
Insulator	PTFE				
0-Ring	Silicone Rubber				

*All dimensions shown in inches



S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS



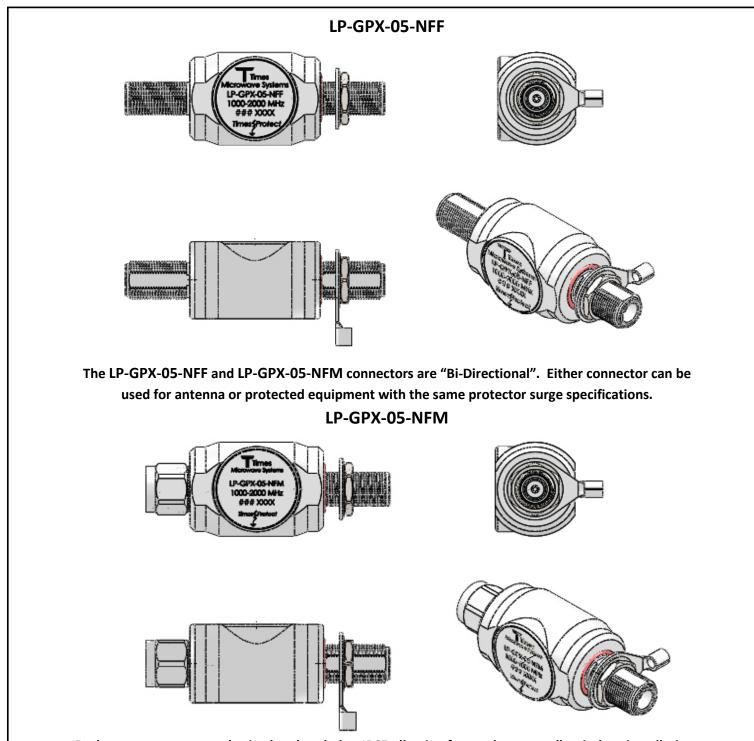


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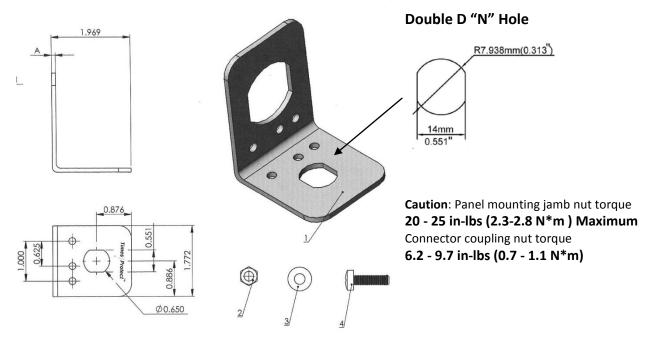
LP-GPX-05-N Series Lightning Protector Installation Instructions



Both protectors are weatherized and sealed to IP65 allowing for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

The protector must be connected to ground through a double "D" hole in a conductive surface entry panel, or an optional LP-BFDN-CW bracket bonded to a grounded plate (shown below), or a large gauge wire with minimum bends crimped to the supplied lug nut on the connector. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.

Optional LP-BFDN-CW universal mounting bracket



Drill (2) 4.8mm (0.1874") holes in grounded plate using the bracket as template. Attach bracket to ground plate with (2) M4x15mm, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washers under nuts (hardware supplied with bracket). Insert protector in "double D" N type connector hole.

Warranty (LP- GTX-05-N series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization.

The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

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LP-WBX Series

- Filter based Protection Circuit
 - Broadband Outstanding IL/RL
 - DC Blocked for Superior Surge Performance
 - Ultra Broadband Multi-Strike Design
- Fully Weatherized Housing



Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st CenturyTM

The LP-WBX-N high performance series uses a filter circuit to provide exceptional lightning protection over the 2000-6000MHz frequency band, covering both the unlicensed WiFi bands and several licensed operating bands.

Unlike competitive protectors, the white bronze plated construction of the LP-WBX-N series eliminates potential galvanic corrosion issues and provides long life in hostile environments. The fully weatherized housing is sealed to IP65 allowing for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

LP-WBX-N Series:

• LP-WBX-NFF

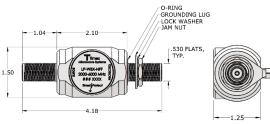
N Female connectors on surge and protected sides

- LP-WBX-NMP N Male connector on protected side with N Female connector on surge side
- LP-WBX-NMS

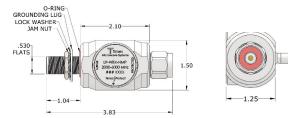
N Male connector on surge side with N Female connector on protected side



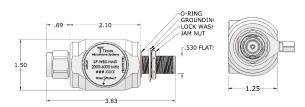
Times-Protect®



 LP-WBX-NFF 2000 - 6000MHz N Type F/F



• LP-WBX-NMP 2000 - 6000MHz N Type M on Protected

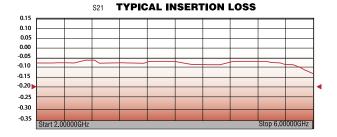


• LP-WBX-NMS 2000 - 6000MHz N Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches



Electrical Specifications					
Impedance		50 Ω			
Frequency Range		2000 - 6000 MHz			
VSWR/Return Loss		<1.2:1 / <-20dB			
Insertion Loss		< 0.2dB			
Average Power		50W			
Maximum Surge Current		20kA max/10kA multiple (8x20µs wave-form)			
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 3V (6kV/3kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)			
Energy Throughput		<150nJ			
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked			
Mechanical / Environmental Specifications					
Temp Range Storage/Op	erating	-40°C - +85°C			
Weatherization		IEC 60529 & IP65			
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B			
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B			
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I			
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Mating Life Cycle		> 500			
Recommended Coupling Nut Torque		7-10 in-lb			
	Material S	pecificatior	าร		
Component		terial	Plating		
Body	Aluminum		White Bronze		
Connector Housing	Brass		White Bronze		
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver		
Inner Conductor Female	Phosphor Bronze		Silver		
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze		
Insulator	PTFE				
0-Ring	Silicone Rubber				





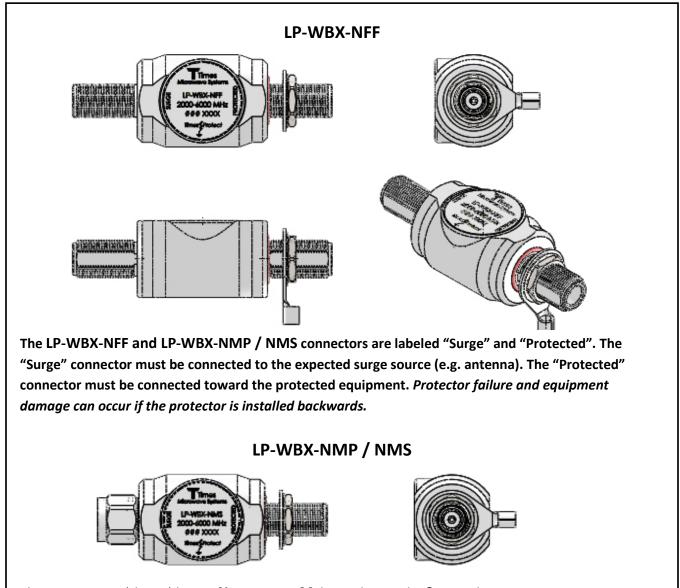
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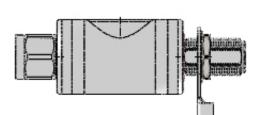


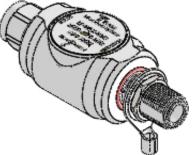


LP-WBX-N Series Lightning Protector Installation Instructions



The NMS version (shown) has an \underline{N} connector, \underline{M} ale gender, on the \underline{S} urge side. The NMP version (not shown) has an \underline{N} connector, \underline{M} ale gender, on the \underline{P} rotected side. Except for connector gender, both protectors have the same mechanical and electrical specifications.

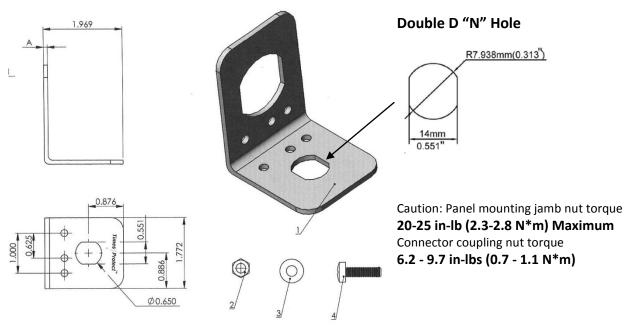




All protectors are weatherized and sealed to IP65 allowing for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

Protector Grounding

The protector must be connected to ground through a double "D" hole in a conductive surface entry panel, or an optional LP-BFDN-CW bracket bonded to a grounded plate (shown below), or a large gauge wire with minimum bends crimped to the supplied lug nut on the connector. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.



Optional LP-BFDN-CW universal mounting bracket

Drill (2) 4.8mm (0.1874") holes in grounded plate using the bracket as template. Attach bracket to ground plate with (2) M4x15mm, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washers under nuts (hardware supplied with bracket). Insert protector in "double D" N type connector hole.

Warranty (LP- WBX-N series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization.

The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

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LP-BTR Series

- DC Blocked for Maximum Surge Protection
- Multi-Strike Capability
- Broadband Performance from 20MHz up to 1000MHz
- Exceptional RF Characteristics
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life
- Universal Grounding Bracket for Flange or Bulkhead Installations









Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century[™]

The **Times Protect**[™] LP-BTR high performance surge arrestor series addresses applications in the 20MHz-1000MHz spectrum. Our unique DC blocking technology employed in this design provides optimum isolation of the antenna port from the protected equipment port for maximum surge protection. LP-BTR surge protectors have exceptional RF performance and are constructed from the highest quality materials for unsurpassed durability and longevity. These units meet and surpass all applicable industry standards.

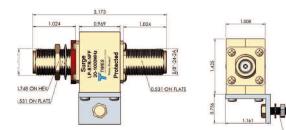
The LP-BTR product family is available with N connector configurations to satisfy various installation requirements.

LP-BTR Series:

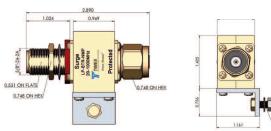
LP-BTR-NFF
 N Female connectors on surge and protected sides

- LP-BTR-NMP N Male connector on protected side with N Female connector on surge side
- LP-BTR-NMS N Male connector on surge side with N Female connector on protected side

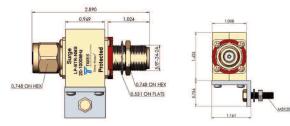




LP-BTR-NFF
 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type F/F



- LP-BTR-NMP
- 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Protected



• LP-BTR-NMS 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches



Specifications

Electrical Specifications				
Impedance		50 Ω		
Frequency Range		20-1000 MHz		
VSWR/Return Loss		<1.1:1 / <-2	6dB	
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB		
Impulse Discharge Curre	ent	10KA multip	le (8x20µs wave-form)	
Turn-on Voltage		600V ± 20%		
Turn-on Time		2.5ns for 2k	V/ns	
Energy Throughput Ratir	ıg	<200µJ (4kV/2	2kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)	
Power Handling at Frequency		375W (20-220MHz) 125W (220-700MHz) 50W (700-1000MHz)		
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked		
Mechanic	al / Enviro	nmental Sp	ecifications	
Temp Range Storage/Op	erating	-40°C - +85°	°C / -40°C - +50°C	
Weatherization		Required for	r external use	
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B		
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B		
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I		
RoHS Compliant		Yes		
Mating Life Cycle		> 500		
Recommended Coupling	Nut Torque	7 to 10 lb-in		
	Material S	pecification	าร	
Component	Ma	terial	Plating	
Body	Brass		White Bronze	
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver	
Inner Conductor Female	Phosphor E	Bronze	Silver	



White Bronze

White Bronze

Brass

Brass

PTFE

TIMES MICROWAVE SYSTEMS

Outer Conductor

Coupling Nut

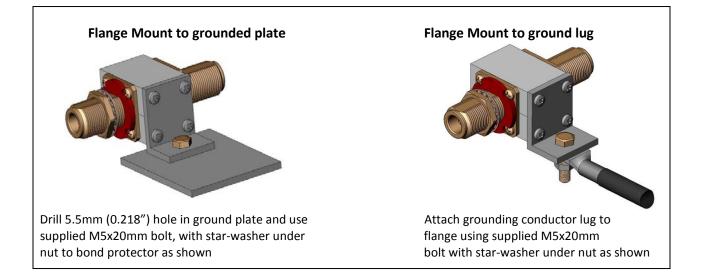
Insulator

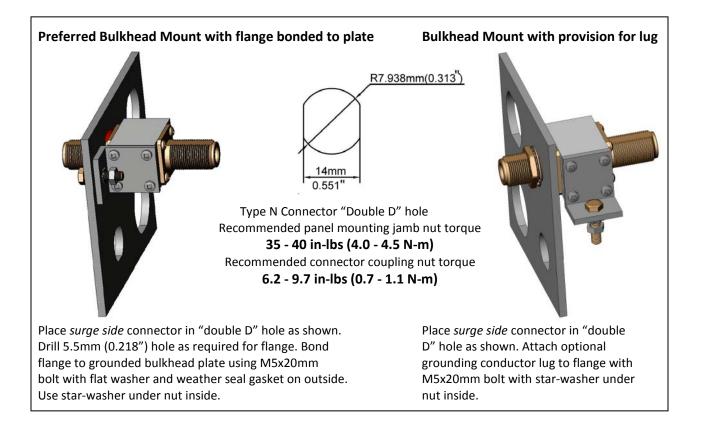
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LP-BTR-NFF/NMP/NMS Coaxial Lightning Protector Installation Instructions





Installation notes and recommendations

- The LP-BTR-N series is a unidirectional design with "surge" and "protected" sides marked on the device body. Position "surge" side toward anticipated surge source and "protected" side toward protected equipment. Although the protector will pass rf in both directions, only the surge side can reliably conduct multiple high current lightning strikes to ground.
- The LP-BTR-N series is not weather resistant. Protector must be installed indoors. For outdoor installation, a weatherization kit is required.
- To accommodate for bulkhead installation, rotate the protector flange by loosening the 4 (four) captive screws, then re-fasten the flange at the required location
- The protector must be connected to ground through a large, low inductance/impedance conductor with minimum bends. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.
- The protector should not show continuity from connector center pin to center pin, or from either pin to shield. If there is measured resistance, the protector should be replaced.

Warranty (LP-BTR-N series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization.

The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective.

The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

358 Hall Avenue • Wallingford, CT 06492 • 203-949-8400, (800) 867-2629 Fax: 203-949-8423 International Sales: 4 School Brae, Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Fife, Scotland KY1 2XB UK • Tel: +44 (0) 1592655428 China Sales: No. 318 Yuan Shan Road, Shanghai, China • Tel: 86-21-51761234 Fax: 86-21-64424098

ISO 9001 Certified



LP-BTRW Series

- IP67 Weatherized for Outdoor Use
- DC Blocked for Maximum Surge Protection
- Multi-Strike Capability
- Broadband Performance From 20MHz up to 1000MHz
- Exceptional RF Characteristics
- Solid Brass White Bronze Plated Construction for Durability and Long Life
- Universal Grounding Bracket Supplied









Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century™

The **Times Protect[™]** LP-BTRW high performance surge arrestor series addresses applications in the 20MHz-1000MHz spectrum. Our unique DC blocking technology employed in this design provides optimum isolation of the antenna port from the protected equipment port for maximum surge protection.

LP-BTRW surge protectors have exceptional RF performance and are constructed from the highest quality materials for unsurpassed durability and longevity. These units meet and surpass all applicable industry standards.

The LP-BTRW product family is available with N connector configurations and fully weatherized to the IP67 standard for outdoor use.

LP-BTRW Series:

- LP-BTRW-NFF N Female connectors on surge and protected sides
- LP-BTRW-NMP
 N Male connector on protected side with N Female connector
 on surge side
- LP-BTRW-NMS
 N Male connector on surge side with N Female connector on protected side

Times-Protect[™]



• LP-BTRW-NFF 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type F/F



• LP-BTRW-NMP 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Protected



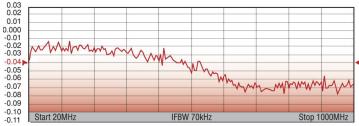
• LP-BTRW-NMS 20-1000MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches



	Electrical S	Specificatio	ns	
Impedance		50 Ω		
Frequency Range		20-1000 MH	Iz	
VSWR/Return Loss		<1.1:1 / <-2	6dB	
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB		
Impulse Discharge Curre	nt	10KA multip	le (8x20µs wave-form)	
Turn-on Voltage		600V ± 20%	I	
Turn-on Time		2.5ns for 2k	V/ns	
Energy Throughput Ratir	ıg	<200µJ (6kV/3	kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)	
Power Handling at Frequ	ency	375W (20-2 125W (220- 50W (700- ⁻	700MHz)	
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked		
Mechanic	al / Enviro	nmental Specifications		
Temp Range Storage/Op	erating	-40°C - +85°	°C / -40°C - +50°C	
Weatherization		IEC 60068 55/155/56 & IP67		
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STE) 202, Meth.107,Cond.B	
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B		
Shock		US MIL-STE) 202, Meth.213,Cond.I	
RoHS Compliant		Yes		
Mating Life Cycle		> 500		
Recommended Coupling	Nut Torque	7 to 10 in-lb		
Unit Weight		<u>-</u>	/ 0.55lb	
	Material S	pecification	IS	
Component	Ма	terial	Plating	
Body	Brass		White Bronze	
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver	
Inner Conductor Female	Phosphor E	Bronze	Silver	
Outer Conductor	Brass		White Bronze	
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze	
Insulator	PTFE			

S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS (dB)





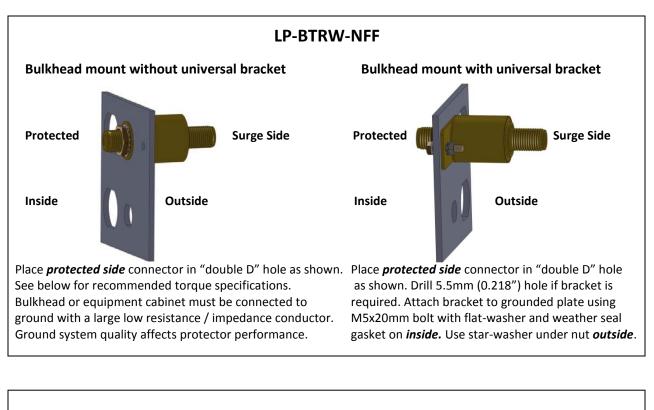
World Headquarters: 358 Hall Avenue, Wallingford, CT 06492 • Tel: 203-949-8400, 1-800-867-2629 • Fax: 203-949-8423 International Sales: 4 School Brae, Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Fife, Scotland KY1 2XB UK • Tel: +44(0)1592655428 China Sales: No. 318 Yuan Shan Road, Shanghai 201108 China • Tel: 86-21-51761234 • Fax: 86-21-64424098 www.timesmicrowave.com

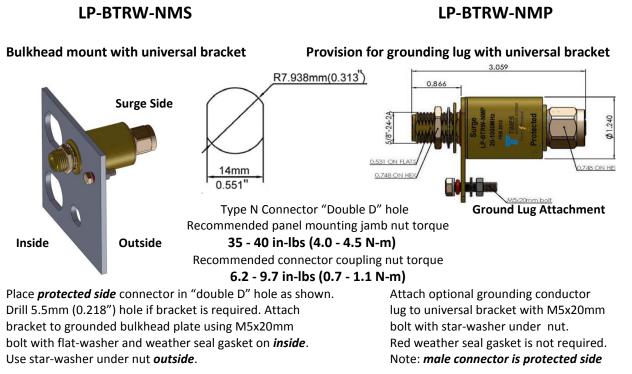
@ 2012, Times Microwave Systems, Wallingford, CT 06492





LP-BTRW-NFF/NMS/NMP Coaxial Lightning Protector Installation Instructions





Installation notes and recommendations

- The LP-BTRW-N series is a unidirectional design with "surge" and "protected" sides marked on the device body. Position "surge" side toward anticipated surge source and "protected" side toward protected equipment. Although the protector will pass rf in both directions, only the surge side can reliably conduct multiple high current lightning strikes to ground.
- The LP-BTRW-N series protector is designed for outdoor use, and is weather resistant to IP67.
- The protector must be connected to ground through a flat conductive bulkhead or plate, and a low inductance/impedance conductor with minimum bends. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.
- If a grounded flat conductive bulkhead or panel is not available, an available LP-BFDN-CW right angle bracket mounted to any non-conductive surface can be grounded with a single hole lug.
- If the LP-BTRW-NMP is connected directly to the equipment cabinet, the included single hole mounting bracket provides an attachment point for a ground lug connecting to the closest known earth ground.
- The protector should not show continuity from connector center pin to center pin, or from either pin to shield. If there is measured resistance, the protector should be replaced.

Warranty (LP-BTRW-N series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization. The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. This constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

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LP-STR-N Series

- Excellent PIM Performance
- Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
- DC Blocked for Superior Surge Performance
- High Surge Current Rating
- Broadband Multi-Strike Design
- High Power Rated
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life







Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century[™]

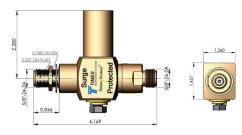
The **Times Protect™** LP-STR-N high performance series is an exceptional DC blocked design for superior surge performance, capable of withstanding multiple lightning strikes. The operating band width of 800MHz-2500MHz makes the LP-STR-N series suitable for a broad range of applications. With its excellent passive intermodulation performance, outstanding RF performance over the entire operating band and excellent power handling capability, the LP-STR-N product family is unequaled. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

LP-STR-N Series:

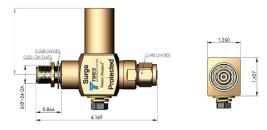
- LP-STR-NFF N Female connectors on surge and protected sides
- LP-STR-NMP N Male connector on protected side with N Female connector on surge side
- LP-STR-NMS N Male connector on surge side with N Female connector on protected side



Times-Protect[™]

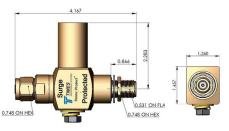


• LP-STR-NFF 800-2500MHz DC Blocked N Type F/F



• LP-STR-NMP

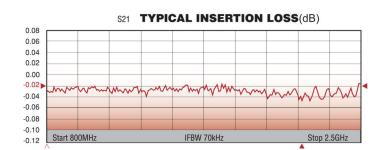
800-2500MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Protected



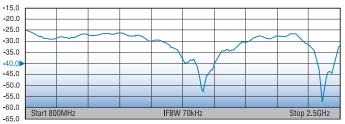
• LP-STR-NMS 800-2500MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches

Electrical Specifications				
Impedance		50 Ω		
Frequency Range		800-2500 MHz		
VSWR/Return Loss		< 1.13:1 / <-24dB (800-840MHz) < 1.1:1 / <-26dB (840-2500MHz)		
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB		
Average Power		500 Watts		
PIM		<-160 dBc		
Maximum Surge Current		50kA (8x20µ	is wave-form)	
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 100V (50k	A 8x20µs wave-form)	
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 1V (4kV/2kA	1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)	
Energy Throughput Ratin	Ig	< 1nJ (4kV/2k	A 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)	
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked		
Mechanical / Environmental Specifications				
Temp Range Storage/Op	erating	-40°C - +8	5°C	
Weatherization		IEC 60068 5	5/155/56 & IP67	
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B		
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B		
Shock		US MIL-STE	202, Meth.213,Cond.I	
RoHS Compliant		Yes		
Wear/Mating Cycles		500 minimum		
Recommended Coupling	Nut Torque	7 to 10 in-lb		
Unit Weight		0.53kg/pc	1.17lb	
	Material S	pecificatior	IS	
Component	Mat	terial	Plating	
Body	Brass		White Bronze	
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver	
Inner Conductor Female		Bronze	Silver	
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze	
Insulator	PTFE	1.1		
0-Ring	Silicone Rubber			



S11 TYPICAL RETURN LOSS(dB)



A Arghered Company MICROWAVE SYSTEMS

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LP-STR-D Series

- DC Blocked for Superior Surge Protection
- Multi-Strike Capability
- High Power Rated
- High Surge Current Rating
- Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
- Excellent PIM Performance
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life







Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century[™]

The **Times Protect™** LP-STR-D high performance series is anexceptional DC blocked design for outstanding surge performance. The operating bandwidth of 800MHz-2500MHz makes the LP-STR-D series suitable for a broad range of applications. With its excellent passive intermodulation performance, outstanding RF performance over the entire operating band and superior power handling capability, the LP-STR-D product family is unequaled. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

LP-STR-D Series:

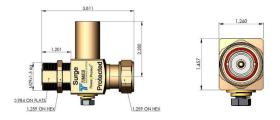
- LP-STR-DFF 716 DIN Female connectors on surge and protected side
- LP-STR-DMP 716 DIN Male connector on protected side with 716 DIN Female connector on surge side
- LP-STR-DMS 716 DIN Male connector on surge side with 716 DIN Female connector on protected side



Times-Protect[™]

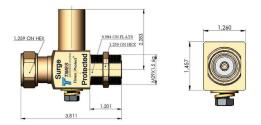


• LP-STR-DFF 800-2500MHz DC Blocked DIN Type F/F



• LP-STR-DMP

800-2500MHz DC Blocked DIN Type M on Protected



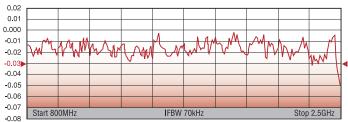
• LP-STR-DMS 800-2500MHz DC Blocked DIN Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches

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	electrical S	Specificatio	ns	
Impedance		50 Ω		
Frequency Range		800-2500 M	IHz	
VSWR / Return Loss		<1.13:1 / <-24dB (800-840MHz) <1.1:1 / <-26dB (840-2500MHz)		
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB		
Average Power		700 Watts		
PIM		<-160 dBc		
Maximum Surge Curren	t	50kA (8/20µ	is wave-form)	
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 100V (50k	A 8/20µs wave-form)	
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 1V (4kV/2k/	A 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)	
Energy Throughput Rati	ng	< 1nJ (4kV/2k	κA 1.2x50/8x20μs wave-form)	
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked		
Mechanical / Environmental			pecifications	
Temp Range Storage/Operating		-40°C - +85	°C	
Weatherization			5/155/56 & IP67	
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STE) 202, Meth.107,Cond.B	
Vibration) 202, Meth.204,Cond.B	
Shock		US MIL-STE) 202, Meth.213,Cond.I	
RoHS Compliant		Yes		
Mating Life Cycle		> 500		
Recommended Coupling N	ut Torque	220 to 300		
Unit Weight		0.6kg/pc	1.32lb	
		pecification		
Component		terial	Plating	
Body	Brass		White Bronze	
Inner Conductor Male	Brass	2404-0	Silver Silver	
Inner Conductor Female	Brass	Bronze	Silver White Bronze	
Coupling Nut Insulator	PTFE			
0-Ring	Silicone Ru	ihher		
<u>s rung</u>				

S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS(dB)





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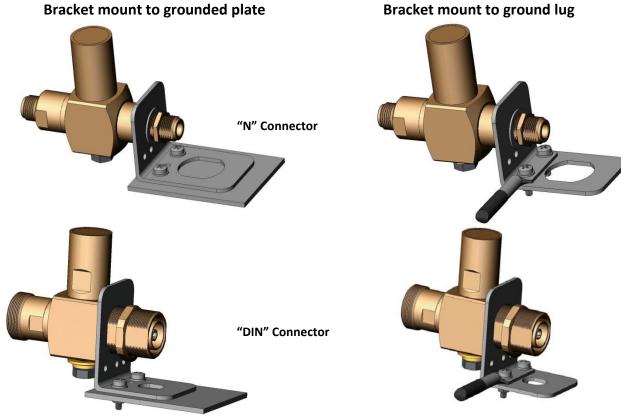
© 2011, Times Microwave Systems, Wallingford, CT 06492





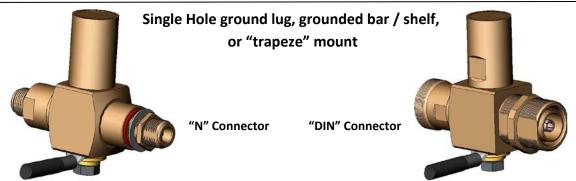
LP-STR Series Coaxial Lightning Protector Installation Instructions

LP-STR-NFF/NMP/NMS and LP-STR-DFF/DMP/DMS



Drill (2) 4.8mm (0.1875") holes in ground plate using the bracket as template. Attach bracket to ground plate with (2) M4x15mm bolts, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washers under nuts (supplied). Insert protector elongated connector in "double D" hole as shown.

Attach ground lug (1 or 2 holes) to bracket with (2) M4x15mm bolts, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washers under nuts (supplied). Insert protector elongated connector in "double D" hole as shown.

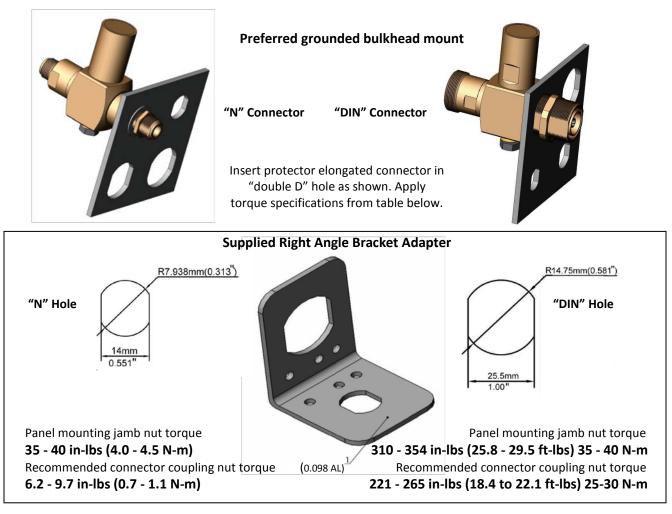


Remove attached M8x10mm screw and hardware from bottom of protector. Use one of 3 grounding methods. (1) Attach single hole ground conductor lug as shown using provided hardware.

(2) Bond the protector to ground bar or shelf through a 9.525mm (0.375") hole using provided hardware.

(3) Bond to grounded "trapeze" bar through a 9.525mm (0.375") hole using provided hardware.

Tighten bolt to 44 in-lbs (5N-m) maximum torque. *Note: Ground plane thickness must not be greater than* 3.175mm (0.125") for use with provided hardware. Use longer screw if required.



Installation notes and recommendations

- The LP-STR series is a unidirectional design with "surge" and "protected" sides marked on the device body. Position "surge" side toward anticipated surge source and "protected" side toward protected equipment. Although the protector will pass rf in both directions, only the surge side can reliably conduct multiple high current lightning strikes to ground.
- The LP-STR body is weather resistant to IP67 Standards
- The protector must be connected to ground through a large, low inductance/impedance conductor with minimum bends. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.
- The protector should show no continuity from connector center pin to center pin, and no continuity from center pin protected side to shield. There will be continuity from center pin surge side to the shield.

Warranty (LP- STR series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization. The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

358 Hall Avenue • Wallingford, CT 06492 • 203-949-8400, (800) 867-2629 Fax: 203-949-8423 International Sales: 4 School Brae, Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Fife, Scotland KY1 2XB UK • Tel: +44 (0) 1592655428 China Sales: No. 318 Yuan Shan Road, Shanghai, China • Tel: 86-21-51761234 Fax: 86-21-64424098



LP-STRL-N Series

- Long Term Evolution (LTE) and 700 MHz Public Safety Applications
- Excellent PIM Performance
- Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
- DC Blocked for Superior Surge Performance
- High Surge Current/Power Rated
- Broadband Multi-Strike Design
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life



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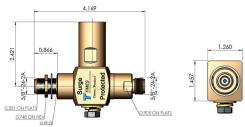
Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century[™]

The **Times Protect™** LP-STRL-N high performance series is an exceptional DC blocked design for outstanding surge performance, capable of withstanding multiple lightning strikes. The operating band width of 680MHz-2200MHz makes the LP-STRL-N series suitable for a broad range of applications. This design covers the 700MHz Band for Public Safety Services as well as LTE (Long Term Evolution) applications. With its excellent passive intermodulation performance, outstanding RF performance over the entire operating band and superior power handling capability, the LP-STRL-N product family is unequaled. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

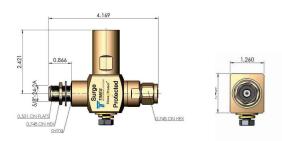
LP-STRL-N Series:

- LP-STRL-NFF N Female connectors on surge and protected sides
- LP-STRL-NMP N Male connector on protected side with N Female connector on surge side
- LP-STRL-NMS N Male connector on surge side with N Female connector on protected side

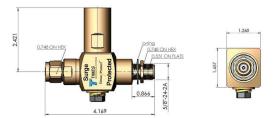
ŢΜ **Times-Protect**



 LP-STRL-NFF 680-2200MHz DC Blocked N Type F/F



• LP-STRL-NMP 680-2200MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Protected



 LP-STRL-NMS 680-2200MHz DC Blocked N Type M on Surge

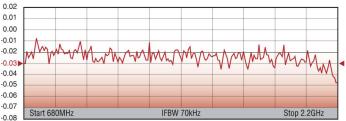
*All dimensions shown in inches

Electrical Specifications					
Impedance		50 Ω			
Frequency Range		680-2200 MHz			
VSWR/Return Loss		< 1.13:1 / <-24dB (680-700MHz) < 1.1:1 / <-26dB (700-2200MHz)			
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB			
Average Power		500 Watts			
PIM		<-160dBc			
Maximum Surge Current		50kA (8x20µ	ıs wave-form)		
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 100V (50k	A 8x20µs wave-form)		
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 1V (4kV/2k/	1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)		
Energy Throughput Ratir	ng	<pre>< 1nJ (4kV/2kA 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)</pre>			
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked			
Mechanical / Environmental Specifications					
Temp Range Storage/Operating		-40°C - +8	5°C		
Weatherization		IEC 60068 5	5/155/56 & IP67		
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.107,Cond.B			
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B			
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I			
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Wear/Mating Cycles		500 minimu			
Recommended Coupling	Nut Torque	7 to 10 in-lb			
Unit Weight		0.53kg/pc	/ 1.17lb		
	Material S	pecificatior	าร		
Component	Mat	terial	Plating		
Body	Brass		White Bronze		
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver		
Inner Conductor Female		Bronze	Silver		
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze		
Insulator	PTFE				
0-Ring	Silicone Rubber				

TYPICAL RETURN LOSS (dB) S11 0.0 -10.0 -20.0 -30.0 -40.0 -50.0 -60.0 -70.0 -80.0 -90.0 Start 680MHz IFBW 70kHz Stop 2.2GHz 100.0



TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS (dB) S21





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ISO 9001 Certified



LP-STRL-D Series

- Long Term Evolution (LTE) and 700 MHz Public Safety Applications
- Excellent PIM Performance
- Outstanding IL/RL Characteristics
- DC Blocked for Superior Surge Performance
- High Surge Current/Power Rated
- Broadband Multi-Strike Design
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life







Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st Century[™]

The **Times Protect™** high performance series is an exceptional DC blocked design for outstanding surge performance, capable of withstanding multiple lightning strikes. The operating band width of 680MHz-2200MHz makes the LP-STRL-D series suitable for a broad range of applications. This design covers the 700MHz Band for Public Safety Services as well as LTE (Long Term Evolution) applications. With it's excellent passive intermodulation performance, outstanding RF performance over the entire operating band and superior power handling capability, the LP-STRL-D product family in unequaled. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation.

- LP-STRL-DFF 716 DIN Female connectors on surge and protected side
- LP-STRL-DMP 716 DIN Male connector on protected side with 716 DIN Female connector on surge side
- LP-STRL-DMS 716 DIN Male connector on surge side with 716 DIN Female connector on protected side

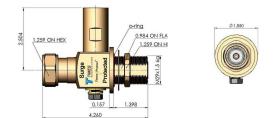
Times-Protect[™]



• LP-STRL-DFF 680-2200MHz DC Blocked DIN Type F/F



• LP-STRL-DMP 680-2200MHz DC Blocked DIN Type M on Protected



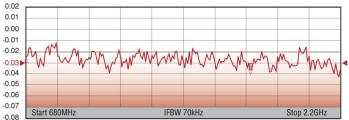
• LP-STRL-DMS 680-2200MHz DC Blocked DIN Type M on Surge

*All dimensions shown in inches

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Start 680MHz	IFBW 70kHz	Stop 2.2GHz

Electrical Specifications					
Impedance		50 Ω			
Frequency Range	680-2200 M		Hz		
VSWR / Return Loss		< 1.13:1 / <-24dB (680-700MHz) <1.1:1 / <-26dB (700-2200MHz)			
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB			
Average Power		700 Watts			
PIM		<-160 dBc			
Maximum Surge Current	İ	50kA (8/20µ	s wave-form)		
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 100V (50k	A 8/20µs wave-form)		
Residual Pulse Voltage		< 1V (4kV/2k/	A 1.2x50/8x20µs wave-form)		
Energy Throughput Ratir	ıg	< 1nJ (4kV/2k	κA 1.2x50/8x20μs wave-form)		
Protection Circuit		DC Blocked			
Mechanica	al / Enviro	nmental Sp	pecifications		
Temp Range Storage/Op	erating	-40°C - +85	°C		
Weatherization			5/155/56 & IP67		
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STE	0 202, Meth.107,Cond.B		
Vibration		US MIL-STE	TD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B		
Shock		US MIL-STE	0 202, Meth.213,Cond.I		
RoHS Compliant		Yes	Yes		
Mating Life Cycle		> 500			
Recommended Coupling Nu	ut Torque	220 to 300			
Unit Weight		0.6kg/pc	\ 1.32lb		
	Material S	pecification	าร		
Component		terial	Plating		
Body	Brass		White Bronze		
Inner Conductor Male	Brass		Silver		
Inner Conductor Female		Bronze	Silver		
Coupling Nut	Brass		White Bronze		
Insulator	PTFE				
0-Ring	Silicone Rubber				

S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS (dB)





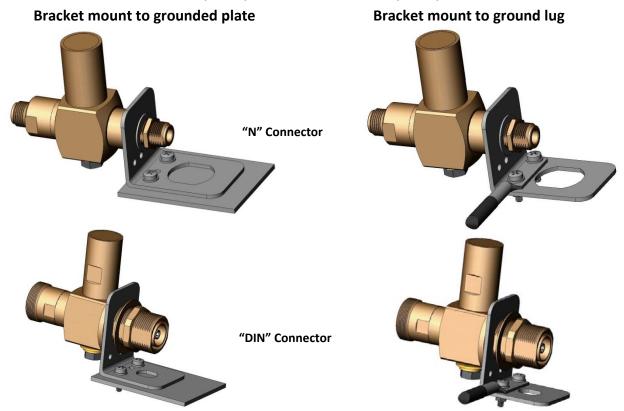
World Headquarters: 358 Hall Avenue, Wallingford, CT 06492 • Tel: 203-949-8400, 1-800-867-2629 • Fax: 203-949-8423 International Sales: 4 School Brae, Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Fife, Scotland KY1 2XB UK • Tel: +44(0)1592655428 China Sales: No. 318 Yuan Shan Road, Shanghai 201108 China • Tel: 86-21-51761234 • Fax: 86-21-64424098 www.timesmicrowave.com





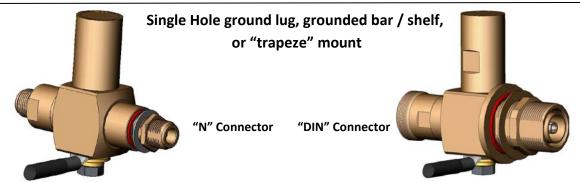
LP-STRL Series Coaxial Lightning Protector Installation Instructions

LP-STRL-NFF/NMP/NMS and LP-STRL-DFF/DMP/DMS



Drill (2) 4.8mm (0.1875") holes in ground plate using the bracket as template. Attach bracket to ground plate with (2) M4x15mm bolts, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washers under nuts (supplied). Insert protector elongated connector in "double D" hole as shown.

Attach ground lug (1 or 2 holes) to bracket with (2) M4x15mm bolts, flat-washers under bolt heads, and star-washersunder nuts (supplied). Insert protector elongated connector in "double D" hole as shown.

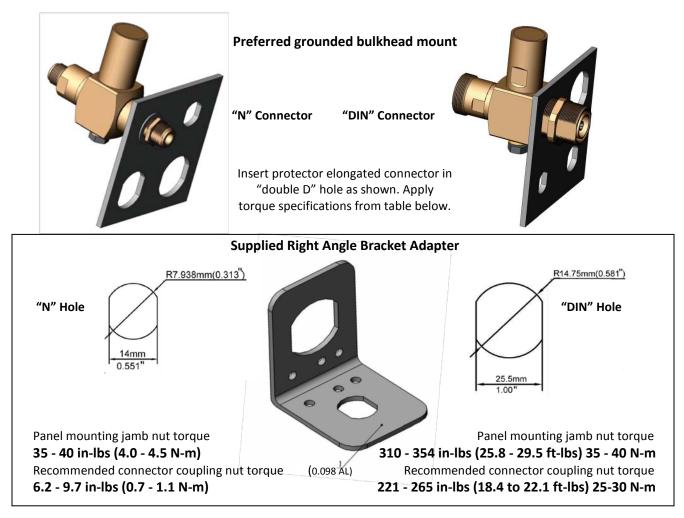


Remove attached M8x10mm screw and hardware from bottom of protector. Use one of 3 grounding methods. (1) Attach single hole ground conductor lug as shown using provided hardware.

(2) Bond the protector to ground bar or shelf through a 9.525mm (0.375") hole using provided hardware.

(3) Bond to grounded "trapeze" bar through a 9.525mm (0.375") hole using provided hardware.

Tighten bolt to 44 in-lbs (5N-m) maximum torque. *Note: Ground plane thickness must not be greater than* 3.175mm (0.125") for use with provided hardware. Use longer screw if required.



Installation notes and recommendations

- The LP-STRL series is a unidirectional design with "surge" and "protected" sides marked on the device body. Position "surge" side toward anticipated surge source and "protected" side toward protected equipment. Although the protector will pass rf in both directions, only the surge side can reliably conduct multiple high current lightning strikes to ground.
- The LP-STRL body is weather resistant to IP67 Standards
- The protector must be connected to ground through a large, low inductance/impedance conductor with minimum bends. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.
- The protector should show no continuity from connector center pin to center pin, and no continuity from center pin protected side to shield. There will be continuity from center pin surge side to the shield.

Warranty (LP- STRL series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for ten (10) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization. The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

358 Hall Avenue • Wallingford, CT 06492 • 203-949-8400, (800) 867-2629 Fax: 203-949-8423 International Sales: 4 School Brae, Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Fife, Scotland KY1 2XB UK • Tel: +44 (0) 1592655428 China Sales: No. 318 Yuan Shan Road, Shanghai, China • Tel: 86-21-51761234 Fax: 86-21-64424098



LP-GTR-N Series

- DC Pass Multi-Strike Design
- Replaceable Gas Tube
- Broadband Bidirectional Design
- Excellent IL/RL Performance Over the Entire Operating Frequency Band
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Constuction for Durability and Long Life
- Includes Universal Right Angle Bracket Adaptor







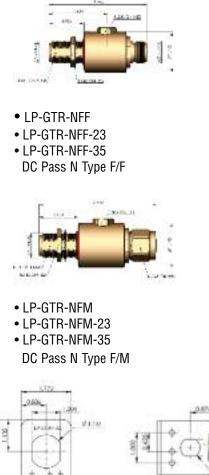
Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st CenturyTM

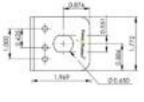
The **Times-Protect™** LP-GTR-N series is an exceptional broadband DC pass design for lightning protection applications requiring DC power to be supplied to the electronics. Offering outstanding surge performance, the LP-GTR-N series is the perfect protection solution for distributed antenna systems, tower mounted amplifiers, GPS systems and other applications requiring DC pass circuitry. These devices exhibit outstanding RF performance with high surge current handling characteristics and cover a broad range of power handling requirements from 50 to 550 watts. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation. The N connector designs cover the entire frequency spectrum from DC through 3000MHz.

LP-GTR-N Series:

- LP-GTR-NFF
- (90Vdc/50W)
- LP-GTR-NFF-23 (230Vdc/210W)
- LP-GTR-NFF-35 (350Vdc/550W)
 N Female connectors on both sides bidirectional
- LP-GTR-NFM (90Vdc/50W)
- LP-GTR-NFM-23 (230Vdc/210W)
- LP-GTR-NFM-35 (350Vdc/550W) N Male connector on one side & N Female connector on the other side - bidirectional

Times-Protect[™]





• Universal Right Angle Bracket Adaptor

*All Dimensions shown in inches

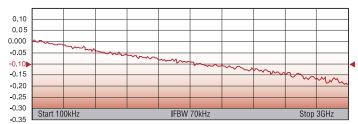
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					×		
Start 100kHz		IFBW	70kHz			Stop	3GHz

11	TYPICAL	RETURN	LOSS(dB)
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	Electrical S	Specificatio	ns		
Impedance 5		50 Ω			
Frequency Range		DC-3000 M			
VSWR/Return Loss		< 1.1:1 / <	-26dB ((DC-2800MHz)	
		< 1.13:17< < 0.1dB (DC		2800-3000MHz) /Hz)	
Insertion Loss		< 0.2dB (10	00-300	0Mhz)	
Maximum Surge Cur	rent	20kA multip	ole (8x2	0µs wave-form)	
Part Number: LP-GTR	NFF/NFM	NFF-23/NF	M-23	NFF-35/NFM-35	
Impulse Sparkover	500V (1kV/µs)	700V (1k	V/µs)	800V (1kV/µs)	
Turn on	90Vdc	230Vd	-	350Vdc	
Average Power	50 Watts	210 W	atts	550 Watts	
Protection Circuit		DC P			
Mechanical / Environmental Specifications					
Temp Range Storage/Operating		-40°C - +85°C			
Weatherization		IEC 60068 40/085/21 & IP67			
Thermal Shock		US MIL-S	TD 202	, Meth.107,Cond.B	
Vibration		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.204,Cond.B			
Shock		US MIL-STD 202, Meth.213,Cond.I			
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Wear/Mating Cycles		500 minimum			
Recommended Coup	ling Nut Torque	e 7 to 10 lb-in			
Unit Weight		0.2kg/pc	c \ 0.44lb		
	Material S	pecificatio	ns		
Component	Ma	terial		Plating	
Body	Brass			Bronze	
Inner Conductor Mal	-		Silver		
Inner Conductor	Phosphor E	Bronze	Silver		
Washer	Brass		-	Bronze	
Coupling Nut	Brass		White	Bronze	
Insulator	TPX	hhar			
0-Ring	Silicone Ru	uper			

S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS(dB)





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Times

LP-GTR-D Series

- DC Pass Multi-Strike Design
- Replaceable Gas Tube
- Broadband Bidirectional Design
- Excellent IL/RL Performance Over the Entire Operating Frequency Band
- Fully Weatherized Housing
- Solid Brass Construction for Durability and Long Life
- Includes Universal Right Angle Bracket Adaptor







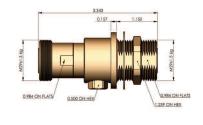
Lightning and Surge Protection for The 21st CenturyTM

The Times -Protect™ LP-GTR-D series is an exceptional broadband DC pass design for lightning protection applications requiring DC power to be supplied to the electronics. Offering outstanding surge performance the LP-GTR-D series is the perfect protection solution for distributed antenna systems, tower mounted amplifiers, GPS systems and other applications requiring DC pass circuitry. These devices exhibit outstanding RF performance with high surge current handling characteristics and cover a broad range of power handling requirements from 50 to 550 watts. Its fully weatherized housing meeting IP67 standard allows for outdoor as well as indoor installation. The 716 DIN connector types can be used from DC through 2500MHz.

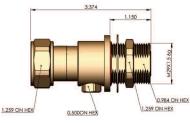
LP-GTR-D Series:

- LP-GTR-DFF (90Vdc/50W)
 - (230Vdc/210W)
- LP-GTR-DFF-23 • LP-GTR-DFF-35 (350Vdc/550W)
- 716 DIN Female connectors on both sides bidirectional
- LP-GTR-DFM (90Vdc/50W)
- LP-GTR-DFM-23 (230Vdc/210W)
- LP-GTR-DFM-35 (350Vdc/550W)
 - 716 DIN Male connector on one side & 716 DIN Female connector on the other side - bidirectional



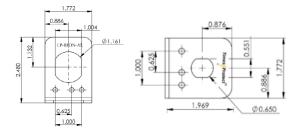


- LP-GTR-DFF
- LP-GTR-DFF-23
- LP-GTR-DFF-35
- DC Pass DIN Type F/F



- LP-GTR-DFM
- LP-GTR-DFM-23
- LP-GTR-DFM-35

DC Pass DIN Type F/M



• Universal Right Angle Bracket Adaptor

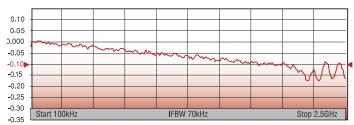
^{*}All dimensions shown in inches



Specifications

Electrical Specifications					
Impedance	pedance 50 Ω				
Frequency Range		DC-2500 MHz			
VSWR/Return Loss		<pre>< 1.08:1 / <-28dB (DC to 1000MHz) < 1.1:1 / <-26dB (1000 to 2500MHz)</pre>			
Insertion Loss		< 0.1dB (DC-1000MHz) < 0.2dB (1000-2500MHz)			
Maximum Surge Curre	ent	20kA multiple	(8x20	µs wave-form)	
Part Number: LP-GTR-	DFF/DFM	DFF-23/DFM-	-23	DFF-35/DFM-35	
Impulse Sparkover	500V (1kV/µs)	700V (1kV/µ	IS)	800(1kV/µs)	
Turn-on	90Vdc	230Vdc		350Vdc	
Average Power	50 Watts	210 Watts	;	550 Watts	
Protection Circuit DC Pa					
Mechanical / Environmental Specifications				tions	
Temp Range Storage/C)perating	-40°C - +85°C	40°C - +85°C		
Weatherization		IEC 60068 40/0	085/2 ⁻	1 & IP 67	
Thermal Shock		US MIL-STD 20	02, M	eth.107,Cond.B	
Vibration		US MIL-STD 20	02, M	eth.204,Cond.B	
Shock		US MIL-STD 20	02, M	eth.213,Cond.I	
RoHS Compliant		Yes			
Wear/Mating Cycles		500 minimum			
Recommended Couplin	ng Nut Torque	220 to 300 lb-in			
	Material S	pecifications			
Component	Ma	terial		Plating	
Body	Brass	N	Vhite E	Bronze	
Inner Conductor Male	Brass	S	Silver		
Inner Conductor Fema	le Phosphor B	ronze S	Silver		
Washer	Brass	W	Vhite E	Bronze	
Coupling Nut	Brass	N	Vhite E	Bronze	
Insulator	TPX		-		
O-Ring	Silicone Rut	ober -	-		

S21 TYPICAL INSERTION LOSS(dB)





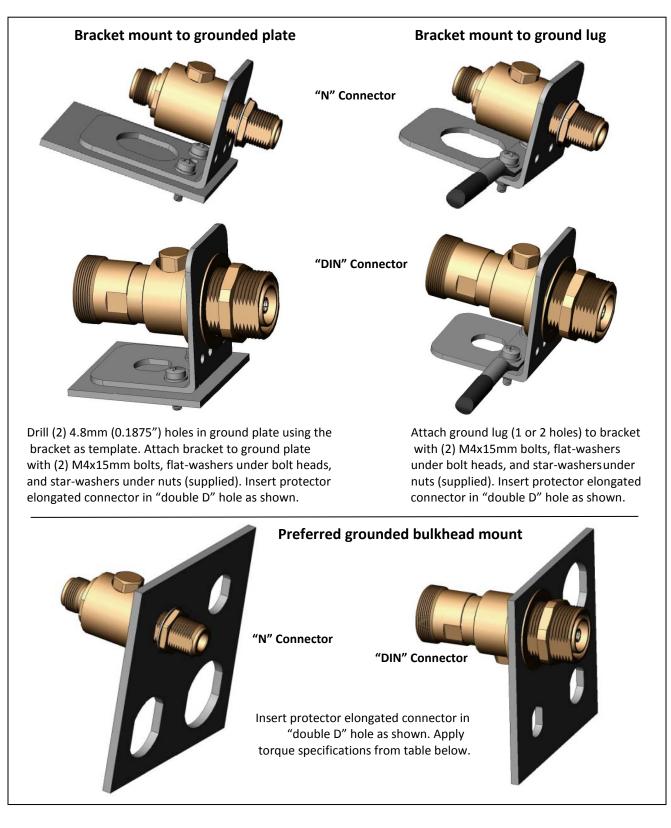
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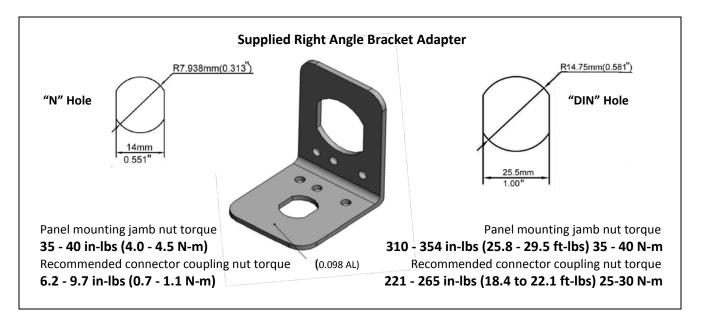




LP-GTR Series Coaxial Lightning Protector Installation Instructions

LP-GTR-DFF/DFF-23/DFF-35 and LP-GTR-DFM/DFM-23/DFM-35 LP-GTR-NFF/NFF-23 and LP-GTR-NFM/NFM-23





Installation notes and recommendations

- The LP- GTR series is a bi-directional design. Either connector can accept a surge and reliably conduct multiple high current lightning strikes to ground.
- The design allows for field replacement of the surge suppression component
- The LP-GTR series body is weather resistant to IP67 Standards
- The protector must be connected to ground through a large, low inductance/impedance conductor with minimum bends. The level of protection with *any* protector is most influenced by the quality of the attached earth ground system.
- The protector should show continuity from connector center pin to center pin, but no continuity from either pin to shield. If there is measured resistance, the protector should be replaced.

Warranty (LP- GTR series)

Times Microwave Systems (the seller) warranties to the original purchaser its surge and lightning protection products used in commercial communications applications to be free from defects in material or workmanship which arise from proper and normal use and service for two (2) years. In the event that the purchaser becomes aware of a defect within this period of time, the seller will, at its options, repair or provide to the purchaser new material in exchange for the defective material. In order to receive any remedy under this warranty, the purchaser must notify Times Microwave Systems of the defect and receive a return authorization. The entire liability of the seller shall be limited to the repair or provision of new material in exchange for the defective product. Seller shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages, cost of removal and re-installation of the product or any other costs incurred by the purchaser as a result of the defect. In no case shall the liability of the seller exceed the sales price of the surge and lightning protection products found to be defective. The above constitutes the entire warranty provided by Times Microwave Systems. There are no other warranties provided, expressed or implied.

Times Microwave Systems

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